

SAW BUTLER KILLED

Eyewitness Tells How Mrs. Birdsong Shot Doctor.

VICTIM'S SHIRT IN COURT

Accused Overcome at Sight of Bloodstained Raiment—Mother-in-law Says Birth of Prisoner's Last Child Affected Her Mind—Woman Gets Bouquet of American Beauty Roses.

Hazlet, Miss., Dec. 7.—A beautiful bouquet of American Beauty roses, sent by an unknown admirer, was delivered to Mrs. Angie Birdsong in the courtroom today just at the moment when a witness for the State had produced the bloodstained garments of Dr. Thomas H. Butler, for whose murder Mrs. Birdsong is on trial.

The incident was most dramatic. As Mrs. Birdsong received her flowers from a court messenger, and buried her face in the big blooms, Justice Mark Stone, who held the inquest over the body of Dr. Butler, flashed the waistcoat and shirt of the dead physician before the eyes of the jury. The garments were smeared and smattered with dry blood. Mrs. Birdsong was almost overcome, and for several minutes she paid little attention to the proceedings.

Says Daughter-in-law Was Crazy.

The State closed its case today, and at the hour of adjournment the defense had put on only one witness. This was Mrs. S. F. Birdsong, mother-in-law of the defendant. She said Angie was thirteen years old when she was married, and they moved to Monticello two years before the murder. She had been with them a great deal at their home up to the time of their removal to the town.

Mrs. Birdsong, she said, was neat and a good housekeeper and affectionate with her children, and her health was good until her last child was born, in July, 1900. Then there was a gradual change. Her health became bad and she got worse. The greatest effect, she noticed, was on her mind. She became cross with her children and mother-in-law, and acted strangely, sitting and gazing out of the window and not responding to questions. When news reached her of the gossip connecting her name with that of Dr. Butler, witness said that young Mrs. Birdsong appeared to be infuriated. The witness believed at the time that the defendant was crazy.

Woman Witnesses Tragedy.

Mrs. Mamie Garrett, whose home adjoined the office of Dr. Butler, testified earlier in the day that she heard the first shot fired. The witness said she hurried to her bedroom window and saw the tragedy enacted. Mrs. Garrett said she saw Dr. Butler shoot Mrs. Birdsong from three more shots after the fleeing doctor before her weapon was emptied. Mrs. Garrett says she shouted at Mrs. Birdsong not to shoot any more.

Witness saw the wounded man rush out of the office with blood gushing from his side. Mrs. Birdsong sent three more shots after the fleeing doctor before her weapon was emptied. Mrs. Garrett says she shouted at Mrs. Birdsong not to shoot any more.

ZEAL LEADS HIM TO PRISON.

Shows Election Laws to Be Lax, and Is Himself a Victim.

New York, Dec. 7.—James Haggerty, the enterprising youth who registered eighteen times under different names in the Fifteenth assembly district last fall, was sentenced to the Elmira reformatory for fourteen months by Judge Rosalsky today. James is eighteen years old and many pleas for mercy were made for him.

HE ADMITS HIS GUILT, BUT SAID HE HAD MADE A BET THAT HE COULD REGISTER ANYWHERE HE PLEASED, AND WAS INSPIRED, HE CLAIMED, BY A LAUDIBLE AMBITION TO IMPROVE THE ELECTION LAWS BY SHOWING THEM TO BE DEFECTIVE.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, Friday, Dec. 7, 1906.—8 p. m. The New England storm has passed off to sea, although high water will continue along the Southern New England and New York coasts, where gales of sixty miles an hour from the northwest will be felt. The temperature has fallen 30 to 40 degrees in the Northern districts, and 15 to 20 degrees in the South in the last twenty-four hours. It is abnormally cold quite generally westward as far as the Rocky Mountains.

Fair weather is probable Saturday in the Eastern and Southern districts, with slightly higher temperatures. Cloudy weather with snow is indicated for the Middle Atlantic and the Mississippi valley and the western portion of the Lake region. The area of precipitation will doubtless extend eastward Sunday and Saturday. On the West Coast, the Lower Lake region, and the Middle Atlantic States. The temperature will rise slowly in the East and fall sharply in the Missouri and Upper Mississippi valleys.

The winds along the New England coast will be brisk westerly, diminishing Saturday; on the Middle Atlantic coast fresh to brisk northerly, becoming variable Sunday; on the South Atlantic coast light to fresh northerly; on the East Gulf coast light and variable; on the West Gulf coast fresh southerly; on the Lower Lakes light northerly, becoming southeasterly, and on the Upper Lakes fresh southerly.

Steamers departing Saturday for European ports will have mostly fresh to brisk northerly winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

Local Temperatures.

	Max.	Min.	8 p. m.	Rain.
Asheville, N. C.	35	22	32	
Atlanta, Ga.	38	24	32	
Atlanta, N. J.	36	22	32	
Bismarck, N. D.	30	14	20	
Boston, Mass.	32	14	22	
Buffalo, N. Y.	32	18	28	
Chicago, Ill.	32	18	28	
Cincinnati, Ohio	32	18	28	
Cheyenne, Wyo.	32	18	28	
Davenport, Iowa	32	18	28	
Denver, Colo.	32	18	28	
Des Moines, Iowa	32	18	28	
Galveston, Tex.	32	18	28	
Holmes, Miss.	32	18	28	
Indianapolis, Ind.	32	18	28	
Jacksonville, Fla.	32	18	28	
Kansas City, Mo.	32	18	28	
Little Rock, Ark.	32	18	28	
Marquette, Mich.	32	18	28	
Memphis, Tenn.	32	18	28	
New Orleans, La.	32	18	28	
New York, N. Y.	32	18	28	
North Platte, Neb.	32	18	28	
Omaha, Neb.	32	18	28	
Pittsburg, Pa.	32	18	28	
Salt Lake City, Utah	32	18	28	
St. Louis, Mo.	32	18	28	
St. Paul, Minn.	32	18	28	
Springfield, Ill.	32	18	28	
Vicksburg, Miss.	32	18	28	

Tide Table.

High tide today—12:35 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.
Low tide today—12:35 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.
High tide tomorrow—12:35 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.
Low tide tomorrow—12:35 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.

FIRE KILLS 7 IN FRAT HOUSE AT CORNELL

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

Warning, the massive stone wall fell outward, and, strangely enough, directly in the face of the high wind. Robinson, Landon, and Rumsy were crushed to death. Their bodies were carried to their homes.

All day long parties of searchers under the immediate direction of Capt. Barton, commandant of the Cornell Cadet Corps, have been ransacking the ruins for the bodies of Nichols and Greer. Up to a late hour to-night only one trunk had been found, and it was impossible to tell which one of the two men it belonged to. The others who were injured, numbering about six in all, including W. W. Goetz, of Milwaukee, who jumped from the third floor and escaped with a broken ankle, are resting easily in the City Hospital or the Cornell Infirmary.

Entire Student Body in Mourning.

The only serious injury is that of Lawrence A. Pope, a freshman from East Orange, N. J., full back on the Cornell freshmen eleven. He had escaped from the building, but rushed back to save a friend and was so badly burned from his toes to his hips, and inhaled so much of the fire, that it is doubtful whether he will recover.

The entire student body is in mourning, and in all probability mourning services will be held Sunday afternoon in Sage Chapel for the dead.

It is estimated that the property loss will exceed \$200,000. The house in itself was worth close to that amount, and the inmates came from wealthy families, on account of which there is every reason to believe that thousands of dollars in personal effects were destroyed by the flames. Although the amount of insurance is not yet known, it is thought it will not reach the amount of loss. The Chi Psi Fraternity house was one of the most beautiful structures in this part of the country, and was one of the finest chapter houses in the world.

POPE'S PHYSICIAN IS DEAD

Dr. Laponi Expires After Long Illness of Cancer.

His Holiness Overwhelmed with Grief When He Learns of Death and Blames Himself.

Rome, Dec. 7.—The death of Dr. Laponi has overwhelmed the Pope with grief. When the news was telephoned to the Vatican he wept, and blamed himself for allowing Dr. Laponi to visit him while he was ill. Death was caused by cancer of the stomach.

Dr. Laponi had for nineteen years been the Vatican physician, the faithful friend and physician of two pontiffs.

Dr. Laponi studied medicine in the Bologna School under Profs. Murri, Conconi, and other physicians of repute. He distinguished himself in his studies, and in 1875 he took his degree of doctor of medicine. After practicing for a while in Capalene, in Tuscany, he moved to Pollenza, where he built up a large practice. In 1885 he moved again to Osimo, and three years later was invited by Pope Leo to succeed Dr. Alessandrini.

The Pontiff came speedily to place complete confidence in his physician, whose duties grew more and more arduous as the years passed. The Pope passed his nineteenth year and exceptional precautions had to be taken against the smallest possible danger. Dr. Laponi attended him throughout his dying moments.

His treatment of the Pope in his last illness was subjected to criticism. Dr. Cardarelli asserted that the Pope had died of cancer. Dr. Laponi replied that he had examined the Pope with the assistance of Dr. Mazzoni, and knew the exact cause of his death, but refused to make it known to the public, even at the risk of his professional reputation.

Within three hours after his election Pope Pius had appointed Dr. Laponi, Last September Dr. Laponi fell ill, and a number of physicians in consultation diagnosed his illness as cancer of the stomach.

DISTRICT AT JAMESTOWN.

Steps Taken to Have a Building at the Exposition.

The Commissioners yesterday presented to Senator Gallinger and Representative Babcock, chairman of the Senate and House Committees on the District of Columbia, their plan for a District of Columbia Building and exhibit of models and photographs at the Jamestown Exposition. They were assured that a bill for the purpose would be introduced as soon as it was ready, and in their opinion it will be given favorable consideration by the committees. The bill, which will be drafted at once, carries with it an appropriation of \$5,000.

Thomas W. Smith, chairman of the Jamestown Exposition Committee of the Board of Trade, Business Men's Association, and Jobbers and Shippers' Association, accompanied the Commissioners to the Capitol and submitted his reports of what he had seen at the exposition grounds.

The Commissioners said they had talked with other prominent men in the interest of the proposition, and felt encouraged by the reception given it.

"The project is very hopeful of success," said Commissioner Macfarland. "The argument is so strong and the amount of money involved is comparatively so small."

FOUR HOUSES ARE SOLD.

James L. Karriek Bids in 950 and 952 Westminister for \$9,100.

James L. Karriek yesterday bought at trustees' sale premises 950 and 952 Westminister street, bidding in the lots with their improvements at \$4,550 each. The lots are 22 feet by 256 feet, and each is improved by a three-story brick house.

The property at 1744 Q street was also sold yesterday to Garnett Clark for \$9,100.

H. R. Hostenstein bought premises 1815 Twelfth street northwest for \$5,250.

These sales were made by C. G. Sloan & Co., auctioneers.

FOKALON

PHONE WINE CO. 614

M 398-1425 ST.

"Apple and Honey."

Old-fashioned remedy for coughs, colds, and bronchial troubles. Only to be had here. Price, 85c bottle.

BAILEY'S FOES ACTIVE

Fight Against Re-election Has Increased.

ATTORNEY GENERAL REPLIES

Publishes Evidence He Has on Controversy—Waters-Pierce Company's Attorney Says Senator Received No Fee from Concern—Claims Pierce's Papers Were Stolen for Blackmail.

Austin, Tex., Dec. 7.—The explanation of Senator J. W. Bailey of the charges which were made against him of having had financial transactions with the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, which was published today, instead of allaying the fight that is being waged against his re-election, has increased the bitterness toward him, and many Democrats who were occupying a neutral position pending the explanation from him now announce their opposition to him.

Mr. Bailey is still in Austin. He addressed the law class of the State University this afternoon on the subject of constitutional law.

He says he will not return to Washington for the short session. He will probably remain in the State until after the legislature meets and settles the question of his re-election. He says, at any rate, he will not return to Washington until after the holidays.

Prints Evidence Against Bailey.

Attorney General R. V. Davidson tonight made reply to certain statements contained in the statement of Senator J. W. Bailey issued last night. Attorney General Davidson says:

"But for the fact that the charge is made that I have in my possession and am using forged documents connecting your name with the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, I would not make any reply to your letter."

"My sense of duty to the people of this State now impels me to certain statements in evidence in my possession relating to that matter, and I herewith give copies of said documents to the press. The documents are not forgeries."

"The copies are then given, showing the amount of money received by Mr. Bailey at different times."

Former Employee Steals Papers.

St. Louis, Dec. 7.—John B. Johnson, general counsel for the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, in an interview regarding the statement of Attorney General Davidson, of Texas, and Senator J. W. Bailey's reply, says, concerning the latter's alleged connection with that company:

"I do not know that \$3,000 was taken from the Waters-Pierce Oil Company to conceal the repayment of money loaned to Senator Bailey. I do know, however, that the \$3,000 note and some of the other papers mentioned by Attorney General Davidson in the questions which he propounded to Senator Bailey in his open letter were stolen or abstracted from Mr. Pierce's files, or the office of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, by a then trusted employee."

Tries to Blackmail Pierce.

"The same man clandestinely abstracted and made copies of confidential correspondence and matters pertaining to the business affairs of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company. He did this with a deliberate purpose of obtaining high money from Mr. Pierce or the company."

"He even went so far as to demand of me that Mr. Pierce pay him \$3,000, accompanying the demand with the threat that if Pierce did not do so he would give the information he had to Attorney General Hadley for use in the Missouri anti-trust case."

Says Bailey Got No Fee.

"Senator Bailey was never in the employ of the Waters-Pierce Company," said Mr. Johnson, "and was never, so far as I know, paid any money by the company or others for legal service in connection with the granting of a new license to the company to do business in Texas."

FOR INDIANA'S FAME.

An Argument for Gen. Wallace's Statue to Be Placed in Capitol.

There is a pretty big controversy over the question as to whose statue, of all the distinguished sons of Indiana, shall be placed in the National Capitol alongside that of Oliver P. Morton, the distinguished war governor of Indiana. Some Indianaians think that former Vice President Hendricks is entitled to the niche; others claim that no resident of Indiana conferred more fame on the State than Gen. Benjamin Harrison, while there is a strong feeling throughout the State that Gen. Wallace, the veteran of two wars, and a distinguished soldier, by the virtue of his reputation, entitled to commemoration by a statue.

Among those who would claim the honor for Gen. Wallace, the author of "Ben Hur" is the Washington poet, Esmaralda Boyle, who adds to the controversy the poetical effusion entitled:

A WORD FOR LEW WALLACE.

The pages of Ben Hur to us unfold
A shining life, a life of noble deeds,
The author, Wallace, tells us, as he knows,
The princely poem of the Sharon Rose.
We see the man's life, the man's heart,
The rising glory of the Morning Star.
He bids us hear the Baptist cry aloud:
We see the pilgrim trooping the burning crowd;
The snowy Temple high above the art,
Revealing Nature through the Gates of Art;
The Jordan; and the Saviour standing there;
The Spirit Dove, descending through the air.

Then later, kneeling in the glare of day
The Leper, to be healed in Christ's own way,
We hear the wife of Pilate tell her dream;
We see the woman's silent, despairing gleam;
The ignorant ruffian born and trained in hate,
Whose "Law" of vengeance overrules the State.

Borne with the mob's wild frenzy through the street,
We see the nails so deep to pierce his feet;
We see the crown of thorns, the thorns have shed
The precious blood of His three-hundred shed.
The lance that tears His sacred side apart
To feed the World from fountains of His Heart.
In the meantime it is "up to you" the
Indiana State legislature to decide as to
"the warning claim."

Ocean Steamships.

New York, Dec. 7.—Arrival Friday: Steamships Celtic, from Liverpool, November 23; Graf Waldersee, from Hamburg, November 24.
Arrive out: Steamship Carpathia, at Gibraltar, from New York.

SEEK MORE WRECK EVIDENCE.

Southern Officials Will Summon Two Other Witnesses.

The investigation which the Southern Railway has been holding for the last three days has been postponed until the early part of next week. Mr. Thom, the general counsel for the company, has sent to Lawyers for two more witnesses, and until their statements have been heard, no decision will be made.

The two telegraph operators, Mattox and Jacobs, were called on again yesterday, and their stories were somewhat contradictory, and for this reason Mr. Thom has decided to secure more evidence.

Mattox, in discussing the hearing last night, said: "I don't want to put the blame on any one. It is not right that I should. I like Jacobs, and I always have liked him. We have always been the best of friends, and I think that we always shall be. I know that I shall never have anything against him. The reason that we were not together on the train was that the train was crowded, and I didn't even see him when he got on. I think that I will still be employed by the company."

"I do not think they will ever know the real cause of the wreck. I only hope they will make some kind of a report to the public, so that people will know who is to blame, but I do not think that I will be the fault of any of the operators."

"I have been told to report to Richmond, and we will all go home first and then go down there when they want us. If they want a further statement then I will make it."

Mattox said that he did not know who they were going to have come to this city from Lawyers, and said that the officials had informed him that the investigation was all over, and that the report would be out last evening. This was denied by Mr. Ackert, who said that they were not ready to make any report whatever, and that Mr. Thom, general counsel for the company.

WANTS BEER SIGNS REMOVED

Christian Endeavor Union Says They Are Disgrace to Capital.

Demand Commissioners Order Two Electrical Displays Taken Down.

Machete Out for "Booze Drops."

The Christian Endeavor of the District of Columbia has sounded a cry to arms against "conspicuous beer and whisky sign advertisements, which are to be seen in so many places in our city."

At the meeting of the District union this matter was taken up, and a resolution was adopted declaring, "especially do we regard the electric beer signs on top of the buildings opposite the Land Office and at Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street as a disgrace to the National Capital, and we earnestly request the District Commissioners to take such action as will result in the removal of these offensive signs."

The union then instructed its officers to lay this request before the Commissioners.

The union also unheeded its machete and dealt the "boozie-drops" habit a blow as follows: "Resolved, That we consider the sale of the so-called 'boozie drops,' or candy containing liquor, to school children as a most dangerous accessory to the liquor traffic in its work of debauching the youth of the community."

The union "urges as a matter of extreme and immediate importance" that necessary steps be taken, either by the enforcement of the pure-food laws, or by the enactment of new legislation if necessary, "to prohibit absolutely the sale of candies containing liquor in the District of Columbia."

LONG TERMS ARE IMPOSED.

Many Law-breakers Are Sentenced by Justice Stafford.

Justice Stafford yesterday imposed a number of sentences varying in terms from twenty years to lesser periods behind the bars.

James Fortune, colored, received twenty years at Moundsville. He stabbed Ida Watson in South Washington, April 16 last, causing her death.

J. Edward Phillips, a white man of thirty-three, whose mother pleaded for mercy for him, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. He pleaded guilty of the larceny of a diamond pin worth \$125 from a man whom he discovered in a room with Phillips' alleged wife. The woman, who also had been indicted on the same charge, was released on bond.

Daniel Feeley, a Spanish war veteran, serving in the navy, received four years for housebreaking.

Walter H. Lydek, formerly employed as a salesman for local jewelry firm, was given two years and three months in the penitentiary for taking jewelry not belonging to him.

Susie Jenifer, colored, who was recently convicted of manslaughter in connection with the death of her child in May last, will serve two years in Moundsville.

Andrew Powell and Frank Wells, two colored youths, were sentenced to six and four years, respectively, because one night last summer they were at the railroad depot and helped themselves to other people's purses.

MADAM SIT-BY-THE-FIRE.

You do not know her? Of course not. But you will know her. You will receive an introduction in the Sunday issue of The Washington Herald. She is a bright, clever woman of fine conversational power, who has been through several administrations and has a rich fund of information to draw upon for tea-table topics. She knows society of to-day as well as of yesterday—the smart set, if you please—and always talks most entertainingly. Whether you are in society or not, she will interest you. There is now and then a reminiscent tone to her conversation, but this only tends to emphasize what she says about present-day folks. The social season is on. Madam Sit-by-the-Fire will give you many pleasing glimpses of it. You cannot help but like her.

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Aid Scientific Schools in Japan.

Tokyo, Dec. 7.—The Furukawa family of copper millionaires has pledged \$500,000 for the establishment of colleges of engineering, science, and agriculture, respectively, at Fukuoka, Sendai, and Sapporo.

WILL SEND FOR THEM

Public Printer Writes Congressmen Queer Letter.

RECEIVING HOURS LIMITED

Senators and Representatives Receive a Singular Notification and a Peculiarly Novel Invitation to Visit the Government Printing Office—Carriages, if They Wish.

Coming at a time when there is a persistent disposition to criticize the methods of the Government Printing Office, a letter sent yesterday by Public Printer Stillings to a number of Senators and Members of the House has created no little commotion.

Many who received the letter were disposed to be angered by it. They said its tone was rather too lofty for an official who, a few years ago, was regarded as more completely the servant of Congress than any other in the public service. Mr. Stillings informed the Senators and Members that he has limited the hours when the general public may call on him, but to them he has made an exception, and they will be welcome at any hour that suits their convenience.

But this, perhaps, did not arouse quite as much resentment as the further overture on Mr. Stillings' part, in which he announced that if each of the Senators and Members who were so welcome to come and see him would take the trouble to let him know in advance, he would send one of the office carriages for him, and when his call was done would take him home or anywhere else that he might want to go.

Mr. Stillings' Letter.

The text of the letter follows:

Dec. 3, 1906.

My Dear Mr. —: Because of the great volume of detail work incident to the introduction of important business, it has been found necessary to limit the time of the Public Printer in which to receive transient callers and to transact miscellaneous business with the general public to the period between 9 a. m. and 1 p. m. daily, so that the balance of the time may be devoted to the necessary affairs of the office.

These arrangements, however, do not apply in any sense to Senators and Representatives, nor to their secretaries, who may have business with the office, or who may feel it best to send one of the office carriages for you and have it return with you to the Capitol or elsewhere, as you may desire.

It is my desire that the Government Printing Office shall be prominently the leader among printing establishments in the nation, not only in equipment and administration, but in personnel and in quality of production.

I am sure that this standard will appeal to you, and I trust that I may have the pleasure of receiving you personally at an early date.

With assurance of my high personal regard, I beg to remain, very respectfully yours,
CHAS. A. STILLINGS,
Public Printer.

How It Was Received.

When the members began to show this letter to each other a good deal of merriment followed. Marce Sydney Mudd, of Maryland, said he wouldn't object a bit to having the Printing Office carriage sent for him every day, as he had to go down there about that often usually while the session is in session. Marce Sydney Mudd, of Maryland, said he wouldn't object a bit to having the Printing Office carriage sent for him every day, as he had to go down there about that often usually while the session is in session.

Congress a few sessions back forbade the use of government carriages for private purposes. As a result of this legislation, several scores of officials suddenly found themselves walking instead of enjoying horses and carriages and coachmen at government expense.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Army Orders.

First Lieut. ALEXANDER MURRAY, assistant surgeon, from Fort Bayard to Indian Army Commission, Indian Army Commission.
First Lieut. SHELDON W. ANDING, Thirtieth Infantry, from General Hospital, Washington Barracks, to proper assignment.
First Lieut. ADOLPH K. BERNERS, Philippine Scouts, from General Hospital, Presidio, to Washington.
First Lieut. GORDON JOHNSTON, Signal Corps, from detail in Signal Corps.
Sergeant J. T. C. NEWCOMB, 103 New York street, from Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, to proper station.

Navy Orders.

Commander G. W. McLEOD, detached inspection duty Bath, to inspection duty Bayonne.
Lieut. Commander H. HALL, detached Alabama, to proper assignment.
Lieut. Commander R. H. LEIGH, to Navy Yard, New York.
Lieut. E. H. CAMPBELL, and E. P. JESSOP, from San Francisco to Milwaukee, Navy Yard, Mare Island.
Asst. Surg. S. L. HIGGINS, to Naval Hospital, Norfolk.
Pay Inspector S. H. HEAP, to Navy Yard, Washington.
Paymaster J. H. MERRIAM, detached Navy Yard, Washington, settle accounts, wait orders.
Asst. Paymaster E. H. TEBELAK, detached as pay officer, Naval Station, Guantanamo, continue as permanent stockholder.
Asst. Paymaster L. G. HATGREGG, to duty as pay officer, purchasing pay officer, Naval Station, Guantanamo.

Passed Assistant Engineer C. F. NAGLE, retired, to Navy Yard, New York.
First Lieut. A. STOKES, appointed in Marine Corps, Cable from Rear Admiral Brownson, commander-in-chief, Asiatic fleet, December 6.
Asst. Paymaster D. H. McALPINE, detached Wilmington, to home.
Asst. Paymaster H. H. McALPINE, detached Maryland, to Wilmington.

Asst. Paymaster C. E. PARSONS, to Colorado.
First Lieut. A. C. ROGERS, U. S. M. C., detached Pennsylvania, to Naval Hospital, Yokohama.
Ensign M. K. METCALF, detached Cincinnati, to Naval Hospital, Mare Island.
Medical Inspector J. H. HUBER, detached Rainbow, to West Virginia.

Lieut. N. L. JONES, detached Baltimore, to duty as aid on staff commander-in-chief, Asiatic Fleet, on West Virginia.
Midshipman A. C. WILHELM, detached Baltimore, to West Virginia.
Midshipman J. V. OGAN, detached Baltimore, to West Virginia.

West Virginia.
Asst. Engineer R. C. ASSERSON, retired, died Brooklyn, December 6.

Delighted the Students.

Mr. Isaac S. Dement, of Chicago, entertained the students in the shorthand department of the Spencerian Business College by demonstrating his wonderful skill in shorthand, and telling them how he acquired the skill which enabled him to excel in stenographic speed. Mr. Dement is to continue his discourses during the winter, and tell all about